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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 1
                        EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN
 2
                              SOUTHERN DIVISION
 3
     UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
 4
                       Plaintiff,
                                        Case No. 21-20405
 5
     VS.
                                        Hon. Matthew F. Leitman
 6
     NOE GARZA,
 7
                       Defendant.
 8
                         FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE
 9
                  BEFORE THE HONORABLE MATTHEW F. LEITMAN
                        United States District Judge
10
                  Theodore Levin United States Courthouse
                        231 West Lafayette Boulevard
11
                          Detroit, Michigan 48226
                        Wednesday, October 26, 2022
12
     APPEARANCES:
13
     For the Plaintiff
14
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     United States of America:
                                  U.S. Attorney's Office - Flint
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16
     For the Defendant
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17
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20
21
22
23
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                          Official Court Reporter
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15	EXHIBITS	
16	<u>Identification</u> <u>Offered</u>	Received
17	NONE	
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22 23		
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2 )		

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Detroit, Michigan
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              Wednesday, October 26, 2022
 3
               (Proceedings commenced at 2:08 p.m., all parties
 4
 5
              present)
              THE CLERK: All rise. The United States District
 6
     Court for the Eastern District of Michigan is now in session,
 7
     the Honorable Matthew F. Leitman, United States District Judge,
 8
 9
     presiding. You may be seated.
               The Court calls Case No. 21-20405, United States of
10
11
     America versus Noe Garza.
              Counsel, please state your appearances for the
12
     record.
13
              MR. DePORRE: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
                                                         Jules
14
     DePorre appearing on behalf of the United States.
15
16
              THE COURT: Good afternoon. Welcome.
              MR. LONGSTREET: And good afternoon, Your Honor.
17
                                                                May
     it please this Honorable Court, Charles Oliver Longstreet, II,
18
     P 68205, appearing on behalf of Mr. Noe Garza who is seated to
19
20
     my left.
21
               THE COURT: Good afternoon. Welcome to both of you.
     Okay. Please be seated.
22
              We are here this afternoon for the final pretrial
23
     conference, and I have an agenda of matters that I would like
24
25
     to discuss, and when I get through my agenda, I'd be pleased to
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1 hear any additional items that you guys would like to take up.

The first thing that I would like to do is to have the part of these proceedings that are called the *Lafler* proceedings. And Mr. Garza, what that means is I want to make sure that we put on the record whether there was a plea offer that was extended to you, what the terms of it were, that you had an opportunity to discuss it with Mr. Longstreet and have him answer any of your questions, and then make sure that you understand what the possible exposure would be if you were convicted at trial.

So Mr. DePorre, would you start by sharing with us please whether there was any sort of plea offer extended by the government?

MR. DePORRE: Yes, Your Honor. The government did extend a plea offer in this case. Under the most favorable terms of the offer, the -- the defendant -- it called for a plea of guilty to one count of being a felon in possession of firearms and ammunition as alleged in Count 1 of the indictment. That offense contains a statutory maximum of ten years.

The parties prepared a factual basis as part of the agreement and also agreed on certain -- or the -- the proposal required the parties to agree on certain guideline provisions that they would apply in this case.

THE COURT: Now, when you say that, I want to make

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clear for the record, does that mean the proposal called for
 1
     the government and defense jointly to recommend guidelines
 2
     scoring to me or was this a (c) (1) (C) plea that locked in the
 3
     quidelines?
 4
              MR. DePORRE: Thank you for clarifying. This was a
 5
     (c) (1) (B) plea where the parties would jointly recommend that
 6
     the -- that certain provisions would apply. Of course, the
 7
 8
     Court would be there -- therefore free to make its own
 9
     determination of the guidelines.
               THE COURT: All right. Linda, can you hear him okay
10
11
     if he's standing?
              THE COURT REPORTER: Yes. Maybe just move the mic a
12
     little closer to you.
13
14
               THE COURT: Or you can sit, Mr. DePorre; you don't
15
     need to stand.
16
              MR. DePORRE: Thank you.
              THE COURT: But just make sure that the mic is close
17
18
     enough that Linda can hear you.
              MR. DePORRE: Thank you, Your Honor.
19
20
              THE COURT: Okay. So can you share with me the
21
     quidelines recommendation that you had proposed in the
22
     agreement?
23
              MR. DePORRE: Certainly. We -- we recommended that
     certain provisions apply. So we -- the agreement recommended
24
25
     that the provision 2K2.1(b)(4)(B) applied, that the firearm had
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an obliterated serial number, and 2K2.1(b)(6), that the
 1
 2
     defendant possessed the firearm in connection with another
     felony offense.
 3
               Under the agreement, the government recommended that
 4
 5
     the defendant's sentence of imprisonment not exceed the
     statutory maximum of 120 months, and that was due to the fact
 6
     that we prepared quidelines, quideline calculations which are
 7
 8
     not part of the agreement but which represent the government's
 9
     best estimate of what the guidelines would be in this case.
     And based on those calculations, with three points for
10
     acceptance of responsibility, the government calculated the
11
12
     defendant's quideline range for Count 1, a plea to Count 1 to
     be 100 to 125 months.
13
               THE COURT: All right. So just so -- I want to make
14
     sure I understand this. You're saying that under the Plea
15
     Agreement, if he had pleaded along the lines that you had
16
     offered, the government's view is under the terms of that
17
18
     agreement, the quideline range would have ended up at 100 to
     125?
19
              MR. DePORRE: That's correct.
20
21
              THE COURT: Okay.
22
              MR. DePORRE: And it would be capped -- because he
23
     would only be pleading to one count, it would be capped at 120.
24
               THE COURT: Okay. And can you explain to me how in
     the government's view that differs from his exposure if there
25
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is no Plea Agreement and he goes to trial as charged in the
 1
     indictment?
 2
              MR. DePORRE: Yes, Your Honor. If he goes to trial
 3
     as charged in the indictment, he faces the potential guideline
 4
     range of 130 to 162 months. That's because he would not have
 5
     the three points reducing his offense level for acceptance of
 6
     responsibility, and he would be subjecting himself to multiple
 7
 8
     counts which would allow the Court to impose a sentence that's
 9
     consecutive, and therefore 120 months would not be the -- the
     cap of the quideline range.
10
11
               THE COURT: Okay. So let me just ask a couple
     questions to clarify. So are you -- you -- I understand you to
12
     be saying that if Mr. Garza goes to trial and is convicted on
13
14
     all counts, the government's current assessment of his
15
     quideline range in that event would be between 130 and
16
     162 months, that's the range?
              MR. DePORRE: That's correct.
17
              THE COURT: And I don't mean to say between. That is
18
     the range the government believes would apply if he was
19
     convicted on all counts at trial?
20
21
              MR. DePORRE: Based on our non-binding worksheets,
22
     correct.
23
               THE COURT: Okay. And those worksheets, as you said,
     back out the acceptance of responsibility?
24
25
              MR. DePORRE:
                             Yes.
```

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1
              THE COURT:
                          Okav.
 2
              MR. DePORRE: Yes.
              THE COURT: And how many counts are there in the
 3
     current indictment that will be tried to the jury?
 4
              MR. DePORRE: Three counts, Your Honor.
 5
 6
              THE COURT: And are the statutory max on those all
 7
     ten years?
              MR. DePORRE: Yes, I believe so. I wasn't
 8
 9
     anticipating that -- that question. As to Count 2, which
     charges the defendant with being in possession of a firearm
10
     with an obliterated serial number, that, I'm not sure if that's
11
12
     a ten-year. I am certain that Count 3, distribution of
     buprenorphine, is a ten-year and Count 1 is a ten-year.
13
                                                               I'm
14
     looking back to see if there was an acknowledgement entered in
     this case that would -- yeah, Count 2 is a five-year statutory
15
16
     max, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay. So at least in theory, the
17
     exposure if he was convicted on all counts at trial, if I'm
18
     understanding you correctly, would be a maximum of 25 years if
19
     I imposed the statutory maximum on all charges and ran them
20
21
     consecutive, is that correct?
22
              MR. DePORRE: Yes, Your Honor, that's correct.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. Is there anything else
     that -- from the government's perspective you want to put on
24
     the record before I turn to Mr. Garza?
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1
              MR. DePORRE: No, Your Honor.
                                              Thank you.
 2
              THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Garza, can you pull that
     microphone closer to you, or maybe Mr. Longstreet, can you pull
 3
     the one in front of Mr. Garza over to Mr. Garza?
 4
 5
              MR. LONGSTREET:
                               Yes.
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Garza, can you hear me
 6
 7
     okay, sir?
               DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, sir.
 8
 9
              THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Garza, were you able to hear
     and understand my discussion with Mr. DePorre just now?
10
11
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I was.
              THE COURT: Okay. So let me start with just some
12
     basic questions for you. Do you understand that the government
13
14
     extended a plea offer to you in this case that would call for
     you to plead quilty to a single count of felon in possession?
15
16
     Do you understand that?
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I do.
17
              THE COURT:
                          And do you understand that under the
18
     terms of that offer, the maximum penalty that could be imposed
19
20
     upon you would be ten years, which is the statutory maximum for
21
     that one charge? Do you understand that?
22
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, sir.
23
              THE COURT: And do you understand that the government
     indicated that under the terms of the offer extended to you,
24
25
     the government believed the guideline range would be 100 to
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1
     125 months, and the government would recommend that my sentence
 2
     not exceed the statutory maximum or ten years. Do you
     understand that, sir?
 3
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I do.
 4
 5
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Garza, did you have a
     full opportunity to discuss that offer with Mr. Longstreet?
 6
 7
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I did.
               THE COURT: Did you have the opportunity to ask him
 8
 9
     whatever questions were on your mind about that offer?
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I did.
10
11
              THE COURT: And did you have an opportunity to ask
12
     him whatever questions you may have had about the -- the risks
     and benefits of going to trial?
13
               DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I did.
14
               THE COURT: Did he spend enough time answering your
15
16
     questions?
              DEFENDANT GARZA: I believe he did.
17
              THE COURT: And were his answers satisfactory to you?
18
19
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, they were.
              THE COURT: All right. Did you understand his
20
21
     answers?
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes.
22
23
              THE COURT:
                          Is there anything else that you would
     want or need to ask Mr. Longstreet when deciding whether or not
24
25
     to accept the government's offer?
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1
              DEFENDANT GARZA:
                                No, Your Honor.
 2
              THE COURT: All right. Have you made a final
     decision as to whether you would like to accept or reject the
 3
     plea offer mentioned by Mr. DePorre?
 4
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I did.
 5
              THE COURT: And what is that decision?
 6
 7
              DEFENDANT GARZA: I wouldn't like to accept that
     offer.
 8
 9
              THE COURT: Okay. So you would like to reject it, is
     that correct?
10
11
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes.
              THE COURT: Okay. Now, do you understand, Mr.
12
     Garza -- and I'm not at all trying to pressure you to accept
13
14
          I just want to make absolutely sure that you understand
     that if you go to trial and if you are convicted on all of the
15
16
     charges, the maximum possible sentence could be 25 years in
     prison, which would be if I imposed the maximum penalty on each
17
     of the three offenses of conviction and if I chose to run those
18
     consecutive. Do you understand that?
19
              DEFENDANT GARZA:
20
                                Yes.
21
               THE COURT: All right. Do you understand also, Mr.
     Garza, that the government's position is if you went to trial
22
23
     and were convicted on all of the charges, the government
     currently believes that the guideline range would call for a
24
25
     custodial sentence between 130 and 162 months in custody.
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you understand that?
 1
 2
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes.
              THE COURT: Okay. Now, what I want you to understand
 3
     is if you are convicted, I'll make my own quidelines
 4
     calculations, and it could be the same as the government, it
 5
     could be higher, it could be lower. Do you understand that?
 6
 7
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I do.
               THE COURT: And I also want to make sure that you
 8
 9
     understand that if you go to trial and are convicted, even if
     the quideline range is 130 to 162, indeed, no matter what the
10
11
     quideline range is, I would have the authority to go above the
     quideline range if I felt that was appropriate and impose all
12
     the way up to the statutory maximum which would be ten, ten and
13
14
     five years, and I would have the ability to run those
     consecutive, no matter what the quidelines are. Do you
15
16
     understand that?
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, Your Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Now, I also have the discretion to go
18
     below the guidelines if I thought that was appropriate. Do you
19
     understand that?
2.0
21
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I do.
22
              THE COURT: All right. Have you had enough time to
23
     talk to Mr. Longstreet about what a trial would look like and
     whether you think it's a good idea to go to trial?
24
25
               DEFENDANT GARZA:
                                 Yes, I have.
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THE COURT: And again, are you comfortable with his
 1
 2
     advice?
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, I am.
 3
                          Is there anything that you wished he had
 4
              THE COURT:
     done in this case that he has not done?
 5
              DEFENDANT GARZA:
                                No, I don't.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: All right. Are you comfortable then
     proceeding to trial with Mr. Longstreet as your lawyer?
 8
 9
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: And are you comfortable proceeding to
10
11
     trial on the understanding that the exposure that you would
12
     have is what I identified earlier, again, up to a possible
     25 years and a possible guideline range, according to the
13
14
     government, of 130 to 162 months? With that knowledge, do you
15
     want to proceed to trial?
16
              DEFENDANT GARZA: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: Okay. Then we will do that.
17
              Mr. DePorre, anything else that you would like me to
18
     ask Mr. Garza on this Lafler portion of the proceedings?
19
              MR. DePORRE: No, Your Honor. I think we have a good
20
21
     record.
22
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Longstreet, is there
23
     anything you'd like to ask Mr. Garza or anything else you'd
     like to place on the record for this part of the proceedings?
24
25
              MR. LONGSTREET: My client does -- well, not at this
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time, no.
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THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. All right. Then let's move ahead. I'm going to bounce around and take these things in no particular order. Mr. Longstreet filed a motion to — motion in limine to preclude the government's witnesses from offering testimony about the meaning of certain slang terms. I think one of the terms might have been "banger" or "stick" or both of those two. And in Mr. Longstreet's motion, he understandably expressed his belief that that testimony would be coming from one of the local law enforcement officers who was with the arresting agency, and Mr. Longstreet understandably raised questions about whether that would be admissible as lay evidence under Rule 701 and understandably raised a question as to whether those officers would qualify as expert witnesses.

In response, Mr. DePorre indicated that the government, instead of calling one of the local law enforcement officers, would propose to call ATF Special Agent Dustin Hurt, and the government takes the position that Agent Hurt is qualified as an expert to offer opinion testimony concerning what those terms mean.

And Mr. Longstreet, I'd ask first for your thoughts on the government's proposal here.

MR. LONGSTREET: I believe the same principles would apply --

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THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me. You can back up a
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MR. LONGSTREET: Oh, very good.

little bit please.

I believe that the principles spelled out in our brief would also apply to Agent Hunt [sic] as well. He's not testifying to any particular scientific method and/or any type of experience or training that would suggest that he's a expert in slang or type of slang language or some type of specialized language decoding that would allow him to testify to what street language or slang terms would actually mean.

THE COURT: What about this, Mr. Longstreet. And I'm -- I've asked -- I'm going to come next to you for this, Mr. DePorre. It seems to me this is a difficult, if not impossible, issue to decide in the abstract. And so what I wanted to suggest was a short voir dire of this witness outside the presence of the jury to see if Mr. DePorre can lay a foundation to establish him as sufficiently qualified to offer this opinion testimony. That way, instead of us having this discussion in the abstract, the witness, through questioning from Mr. DePorre, can explain his experience and his training, you would have an opportunity, Mr. Longstreet, to cross-examine the witness, and then with some very specific testimony in front of me, I could then make a decision as to whether he is qualified to offer the opinion and whether the opinion is sufficiently reliable to be admitted under 702. Do you have

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any problem proceeding in that sort of a fashion?
 1
 2
              MR. LONGSTREET:
                               I guess ultimately the issue is that
     the witness will be called to the stand, he will be presented
 3
     to the jury as a witness and a agent from the ATF, and then if
 4
     the Court is to rule that he is not -- doesn't have the
 5
     expertise to testify to that specific issue, then it will be a
 6
     needless presentation of evidence because that officer wouldn't
 7
 8
     be necessary.
 9
              THE COURT: No, I'm sorry, maybe I didn't make myself
             What I'm talking about is a voir dire of this witness
10
     outside the presence of the jury, so it's just us. Frankly, it
11
     could happen if we could squeeze it in on the afternoon of voir
12
     dire, you know, pick the jury, they go home, and then we make
13
14
     our own record. If I conclude that he is qualified and is
     reliable, then and only then would be appear for the jury and
15
16
     offer this testimony.
              MR. LONGSTREET: I'm good with that.
17
              THE COURT: Mr. DePorre?
18
              MR. DePORRE: I am as well, Your Honor.
19
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So that is how we will
20
21
     do it.
22
              Mr. DePorre, can you ask Agent Hurt to be available?
23
     Is he in the Detroit office or in the Flint office.
24
              MR. DePORRE: He's in the Flint office, Your Honor,
25
     and I asked him to be available today. He had another court
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appearance up in Bay City today, so that's why he's not here.
I can ask him to be available on the 10th. I don't know what
his schedule is that day. If -- if for some reason he can't, I
will notify the case manager, but otherwise I anticipate that
he would be available.
         THE COURT: Okay. Can we move heaven and earth to
have him available? I mean here's the things that seems to me
would be an excuse for him not being available. If he has to
be in the courtroom of one of my colleagues, certainly that
takes precedence, if he's got prescheduled grand jury testimony
or a prepaid vacation or something, but other than that, if
there's anything else that he could conceivably move because
we're on a very tight time schedule here, I think we need to
try to squeeze him in.
         MR. DePORRE: Right, I -- I agree and I will make my
best efforts.
                    Okay. So when I hear that testimony, I
         THE COURT:
just want to make clear for the record, I will be considering
against the backdrop of some of the law cited by the parties.
Mr. DePorre cited cases in his papers, a case called United
States vs. Williams, 2006 Westlaw 899145, United States vs.
Cox, 544 Federal Appendix 908, and an acknowledgement by the
Sixth Circuit in United States vs. Kilpatrick, 798 F.3d 365,
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that expert testimony on these matters is something that has

been allowed, provided the expert is appropriately qualified.

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And the Sixth Circuit cited to a decision of the Eighth Circuit
 1
 2
     in a case called United States vs. Peoples, 250 Fed. 3d 630.
               So I'll be applying the framework as it's kind of
 3
     laid out in those cases to decide whether to admit or exclude
 4
     this testimony. And to the extent either of you has other
 5
     authorities you want me to consider, please try to submit them
 6
     in advance of that first day of trial so I can read the cases
 7
 8
     in advance.
 9
              But that's where I'm at on this. So basically I'm
     going to take this motion under advisement and we'll have this
10
11
     voir dire testimony outside the presence of the jury. By voir
12
     dire, I mean voir dire the witness, not the jurors.
              MR. DePORRE: We'll have two voir dires.
13
              THE COURT: Right. Okay. So that's the first
14
15
     matter.
16
              Now let me turn to logistics with respect to the
             My plan here will be to put together a jury of 14
17
     trial.
18
     members. Obviously only 12 will deliberate. But in this day
     of COVID, even though it's going to be a short trial, I want to
19
     make sure that we have alternates. Any problem with that, Mr.
20
21
     DePorre?
22
              MR. DePORRE: No.
              THE COURT: Mr. Longstreet?
23
              MR. LONGSTREET:
24
                               None.
                          Okay. Then what I'd like to do is it's
25
              THE COURT:
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arguable that the federal rules on jury selection have you
 1
 2
     selecting the 12 members of the panel and the alternates
     separately. What I prefer to do is to seat them all together
 3
     and have everybody exercise all of their peremptories against
 4
 5
     the whole 14. I'll give each side the additional peremptory to
     account for the alternates, but I'd like to do it in one single
 6
     exercise. Is that okay with you, Mr. DePorre?
 7
              MR. DePORRE: It is.
 8
 9
              THE COURT: Mr. Longstreet?
              MR. LONGSTREET: Works for the defense.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. Then what I'd like to do with
11
     respect to the alternates is at the close of the case after the
12
     closing arguments and just before the jury retires to
13
14
     deliberate is have Holly pick two numbered poker chips, blind
     draw them out of a bag. We have poker chips numbered 1 to 14
15
16
     that correspond to the jury seats, it's in a bag that is opaque
     that you can't see through, and Holly sticks her hands in and
17
     pulls out two poker chips. Those -- the number on the chip
18
     corresponds to the seat of the juror who will be designated as
19
     the alternate and we'll pick two. Are you okay with that, Mr.
20
21
     DePorre?
22
              MR. DePORRE: I am.
23
              THE COURT: Mr. Longstreet?
              MR. LONGSTREET:
24
                               Yes.
25
              THE COURT:
                          Okay. With respect to exercising all
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challenges, both for cause and the peremptories, I'd like to do
that at sidebar. You'll get the feel, the rhythm once we get
going, but the way I do voir dire is I will ask many questions
myself. We give the jurors a form with 10 or 11 or 12
background questions that they all introduce themselves to us.
Then I'll ask some followup voir dire. Then I'll open it up to
you guys to ask voir dire. I'm -- I'm relatively loose on
allowing voir dire in a criminal case 'cuz the stakes are so
      I don't want anybody arguing their case in voir dire,
but I'll certainly give latitude to ask what I think are
important followup questions to probe into some of their
beliefs.
         If you guys have voir dire questions that you want me
to ask of the panel as a whole, please submit them so I can see
them and incorporate them into my list of voir dire questions.
Please do that by the end of next week if you have voir dire
questions that you want me to ask.
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With respect to jury instructions, I'd ask that you guys get together. Mr. DePorre, do you mind taking the first crack at assembling a complete set of final instructions? You know, that means from the very first final instruction that says, ladies and gentlemen, the evidence is now in or whatever up through the end with all the substantive instructions, and would you share that with Mr. Longstreet so that he can determine if he has any objections, and will you do that before

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we have our voir dire session?
 1
 2
              MR. DePORRE: Certainly, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: So Mr. Longstreet, I've asked Mr. DePorre
 3
     to take the first crack at putting together a set of jury
 4
     instructions, and I've asked him to get that to you in time so
 5
     that you and he can consult and see if there are any objections
 6
 7
     so that you guys can let me know the day we convene for voir
     dire whether we have an agreed set of instructions or whether
 8
 9
     we need to hear argument, okay?
10
              MR. LONGSTREET: Okay.
11
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. DePorre, have you shared
     a witness list and an exhibit list with Mr. Longstreet?
12
              MR. DePORRE: I have, Your Honor.
13
              THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Longstreet, do you have
14
     any exhibit list or witness list for Mr. DePorre?
15
16
              MR. LONGSTREET: Not yet.
17
              THE COURT: Do you have a sense as to when you can
     share that with him?
18
              MR. LONGSTREET: By the end of the week.
19
20
              THE COURT: Okay. Is that good for you, Mr. DePorre?
21
              MR. DePORRE:
                            It is.
22
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. With respect to the
23
     exhibits, I'd ask you guys to look at each other's exhibits and
     let me know before the trial starts on that voir dire day are
24
25
     there any objections to exhibits so we can take that up
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efficiently, you know, maybe at the same time we do the
 1
 2
     questions for the ATF witness so we can try to resolve
     objections beforehand, so please look at each other's exhibits.
 3
              With respect to the length of the trial, Mr. DePorre,
 4
     do you have a sense as to how long your case may take?
 5
              MR. DePORRE: Your Honor, I don't believe my case
 6
     will -- I think it will take about one day.
 7
               THE COURT: All right. Holly, are we going full days
 8
 9
     on this one can you remind them?
               THE CLERK:
                          I think I have them booked out for the
10
11
     whole day.
                          And --
               THE COURT:
12
              THE CLERK:
                          Three days --
13
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
14
              THE CLERK:
                          -- is what I have.
15
16
              THE COURT:
                          So Mr. DePorre, your -- your guess --
     obviously you -- you don't know how long Mr. Longstreet's going
17
18
     to take with cross, but your sense is about a day for you?
              MR. DePORRE: Yes, Your Honor. My witness list has
19
20
     six witnesses.
                     There's one that I think it's unlikely that I
21
     would call, and then Dustin Hurt is -- the special agent from
     the ATF is on there as well, but -- but I think one day, even
22
23
     calculating what I would anticipate Mr. Longstreet's cross-exam
     to last for, I think one full day would -- would be sufficient.
24
25
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Longstreet, obviously you
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don't know yet whether you're going to present a case, but do
 1
 2
     you have any sort of a ballpark, if you were to present one,
     how long it might take? You can stay seated if you're more
 3
     comfortable.
 4
 5
              MR. LONGSTREET:
                               Half a day maybe.
                          Okay. Then I think we've got plenty of
 6
               THE COURT:
 7
     time for -- to get our case before the jury here.
              Again, bouncing around, Mr. Longstreet, will you work
 8
 9
     with Mr. Garza and his family to make sure that street clothes
     are delivered to him or delivered to our marshal's office?
10
11
     However that works, will you work with Mr. DePorre to figure
     that out so that on the morning of voir dire and every morning
12
     thereafter he's got street clothes for trial?
13
14
              MR. LONGSTREET:
                                Yes.
              THE COURT: Okay. With respect to sequestering
15
16
     witnesses, Mr. DePorre, I've got no issue with you having your
     case agent at the table, but other than that, I'd ask that all
17
18
     of the other witnesses be sequestered please.
              MR. DePORRE: Thank you, Your Honor.
19
20
              THE COURT: With respect to witness timing and
21
     availability, one of the things that I'm very concerned about
22
     is making sure that we are making the most efficient use of the
23
     jury's time.
                   So Mr. DePorre, would you please ensure that when
     we're on your side of the case, that your next witness is
24
25
     available and ready to go when we finish? And Mr. Longstreet,
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likewise for you, if we get to a point where you're presenting
 1
 2
     a case and you've got multiple witnesses, would you have the --
     the on-deck witness ready to go please?
 3
              MR. LONGSTREET:
                              Yes.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay. It's also very important to me
 5
     that we start on time. Again, to make the most efficient use
 6
     of the jury, we'll start -- I like to open court at 9:00, so
 7
 8
     I'd ask you guys to be here not later than 8:45 to give us just
 9
     a little wiggle room. Sometimes the lines to get in here can
     be long so please account for that.
10
              Mr. Longstreet, I don't know if you know yet, but do
11
     you plan on giving an opening statement or reserving an opening
12
     statement or will that be a game-time decision?
13
14
              MR. LONGSTREET: I plan to give an opening statement.
               THE COURT:
                          Okay. Then I'll tell the -- so the
15
16
     reason I ask is when I'm giving the jurors the preliminary
     instructions, one of the things I tell them is the order of
17
     proceedings, and so I'll say the government will start with its
18
     opening, then Mr. Longstreet will give his opening. You're
19
20
     okay with me saying that?
21
              MR. LONGSTREET:
                                Yes.
                          I don't know if anybody needs any IT or
22
              THE COURT:
23
     technical stuff, but if you do, make sure you speak to Holly
     well in advance so that if we need to coordinate with our IT
24
25
     staff, we can get that done.
```

And I think that is everything on my list. Mr. DePorre, I'd be pleased to hear from you if there's anything from the government's perspective that you'd like to chat about.

MR. DePORRE: Your Honor, just a couple matters briefly. Are there any COVID protocols with respect to the jurors or with respect to witnesses and -- and litigants or parties?

THE COURT: Thank you for asking that. The -- the current administrative order requires the jurors to wear masks. The order is optional for everybody else, and I'm not going to require anybody else to wear a mask, certainly not the witnesses, but whether you guys choose to wear masks or not is a hundred percent up to you.

MR. DePORRE: Thank you, Your Honor.

The parties have also discussed stipulations, and we anticipate stipulating -- entering stipulations regarding the defendant's prior conviction, the nexus of the firearm, and the -- the fact that the controlled substance was, in fact, a controlled substance.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you for letting me know. Would you, Mr. DePorre, prepare written stipulations to that effect with the signature line for you, Mr. Longstreet and Mr. Garza, and then have those ready to go at trial, and either at the beginning or the close of your case I'll read them in or

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1
     you can read them in, you can read them in as part of your
 2
     case.
              MR. DePORRE: I have done so and they're with defense
 3
     counsel now.
 4
 5
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MR. DePORRE: Your Honor, those are the only -- I had
 6
 7
     one question about the numbers or -- or the peremptory
 8
     challenges, and I assume that those will be the standard
 9
     numbers --
              THE COURT:
10
                          Yes.
11
              MR. DePORRE: -- set forth --
              THE COURT: I think isn't it, with no alternates,
12
     it's -- I've got to tell you, with COVID it's been a while, but
13
14
     isn't it ten for the defense, seven for the government when the
     panel is 12, and -- and then I bump it up to 11 and eight, does
15
16
     that sound right?
              MR. DePORRE: It does. But if -- I'm fine to go with
17
     whatever the rules say, if that's what the Court intends to
18
19
     use.
               THE COURT: Let me double-check the rule here.
20
21
               (Brief pause)
22
              Oh. So the -- the rule is Rule 24. I was wrong.
23
     Says in a non-capital case the government has six and the
     defendant has ten, and when you add alternates you add
24
25
     challenges. If you have one or two alternates, one additional
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peremptory challenge per side is admitted, is allowed. So by my math, it would be 11 peremptories for Mr. Longstreet and seven for Mr. DePorre. That's in Rule 24(b) if you want to take a look at that yourself and correct me, but we're at 11 and seven.

MR. DePORRE: Thank you. And then when we exercise those, is there a requirement that we can't skip? For instance, if we --

THE COURT: No, there's no -- so I know some of my
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THE COURT: No, there's no -- so I know some of my colleagues have policies that if you haven't exercised a peremptory against a certain panel, then you can't exercise it. My view is no restrictions on the order that you exercise peremptories. What I do is I call you guys up to sidebar, I give the defense the opportunity to exercise two at a time, the I don't care if the defense government one at a time. exercises none and the government exercises one and we come up next round, the defense can exercise two. I'm very flexible about the order. There's no rigid limits that I'm going to impose there on either side. So for instance, again, just as an example, if we come up and the defense exercises two and you've exercised none in that round, the next round, as far as I'm concerned, wide open, you can exercise against anybody on the panel.

MR. DePORRE: And then if during a round the defense exercises none and the government exercises none, then we have

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a jury?
 1
 2
              THE COURT: Yes, right.
 3
              MR. DePORRE:
                            Okay.
                          Yes. Anything else, Mr. DePorre?
 4
              THE COURT:
              MR. DePORRE: Do we alternate, like, does the defense
 5
     go always first and then the government, or do we --
 6
 7
               THE COURT:
                           Yeah.
                                 When I call them up, I say who
     does the defense want to strike and then I ask the government.
 8
 9
              MR. DePORRE: Okay.
               THE COURT: Mr. Longstreet, anything you'd like to
10
     chat about?
11
              MR. LONGSTREET: Yes, I just want to get some
12
     clarification on jury selection. So if I decide not to use a
13
     peremptory and the government behind me does not choose a
14
     peremptory, we still have peremptories left, does it simply
15
16
     mean we have a jury because we're satisfied 'cuz we didn't...
                                 So if we come up and both sides say
17
               THE COURT: Yes.
     no challenges, there's nothing else to do and we've got a jury.
18
     Of course, if you have challenges left, you're free to exercise
19
     them, but at some point both sides decide no more challenges,
20
21
     that's -- that's a jury.
22
              MR. LONGSTREET: Okay. Very good.
23
              THE COURT: Anything else on your agenda to chat
24
     about today, Mr. Longstreet?
25
              MR. LONGSTREET: No, sir.
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Okay. Well, thank you both for your time
 1
              THE COURT:
             I look forward to a well-tried case. And again, our
 2
     today.
 3
     plan will be to convene -- what's the date we're convening,
     Holly?
 4
              THE CLERK:
                          November 10th.
 5
              THE COURT: November what?
 6
 7
              THE CLERK:
                          Ten.
              THE COURT: All right. So November 10 we'll be
 8
 9
     picking a jury, and then we'll excuse the jurors, they'll go
     home on the 10th. The opening statements don't start until the
10
11
     following week. And then on the 10th, once we have our jury,
12
     we will have this separate out-of-the-jury hearing on the
     question of whether this ATF Agent Hurt will be permitted to
13
     offer opinion testimony, okay?
14
15
              MR. DePORRE: Very good. Thank you.
16
              THE COURT: Thank you both very much. See you.
              THE CLERK: All rise. Court is in recess.
17
               (Court in recess at 2:42 p.m.)
18
19
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23
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1	<u>CERTIFICATION</u>	
2	I, Linda M. Cavanagh, Official Court Reporter of the	
3	United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan,	
4	appointed pursuant to the provisions of Title 28, United States	
5	Code, Section 753, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages 1	
6	through 29 comprise a full, true and correct transcript of the	
7	proceedings held in the matter of United States of America vs.	
8	Noe Garza, Case No. 21-20405, on Wednesday, October 26, 2022.	
9		
LO	s/Linda M. Cavanagh Linda M. Cavanagh, RPR, CRR, RMR, CRC, RDR Federal Official Court Reporter United States District Court Eastern District of Michigan	
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L6	D. J 10	
L7	Date: June 19, 2023 Detroit, Michigan	
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